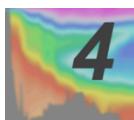


Quantification of the ocean carbon sink using surface ocean observations



Dorothee Bakker (d.bakker@uea.ac.uk), Benjamin Pfeil, Kevin O'Brien, Are Olsen, Karl Smith, Simone Alin, Cathy Cosca, Kim Currie, Steve Jones, Alex Kozyr, Camilla Landa, Peter Landschützer, Siv Lauvset, Nathalie Lefèvre, Nicolas Metzl, David Munro, Shin-ichiro Nakaoka, Yukihiro Nojiri, Abdirahman Omar, Denis Pierrot, Christian Rödenbeck, Chris Sabine, Shu Saito, Ute Schuster, Tobias Steinhoff, Kevin Sullivan, Adrienne Sutton, Colm Sweeney, Taro Takahashi, Maciej Telszewski, Bronte Tilbrook, Rik Wanninkhof
and all >100 SOCAT and SOCOM contributors



Lamont-Doherty Earth Observatory
COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY | EARTH INSTITUTE



Max Planck Institute
for Biogeochemistry



The Global Carbon Budget (2006-2015)

Sources



Fossil fuel & cement sources
 9.3 Pg C yr^{-1} (91%)



Land-use change (9%)
 1.0 Pg C yr^{-1}

Sinks



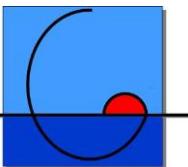
Atmosphere
 4.5 Pg C yr^{-1}
(44%)



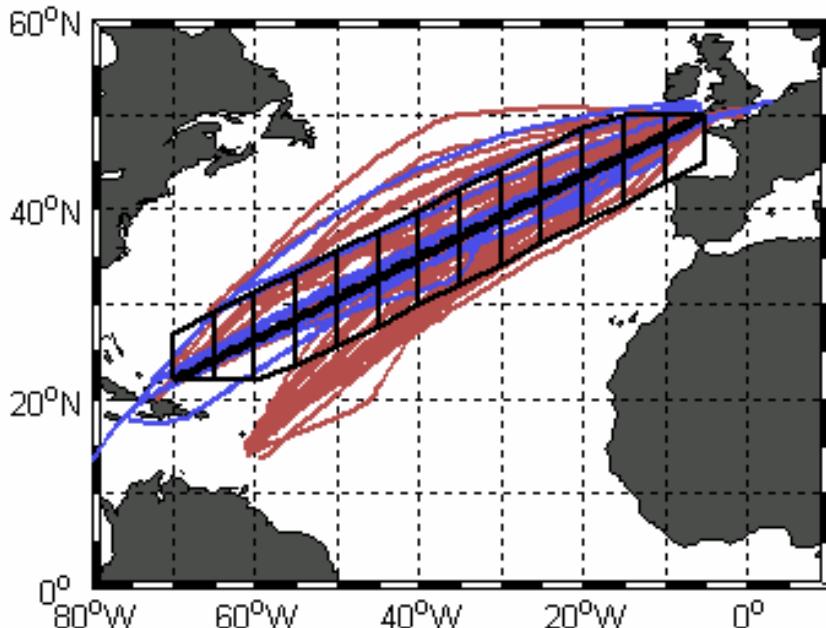
Ocean sink
 2.6 Pg C yr^{-1}
(26%)
(Anthropogenic C_{ant})



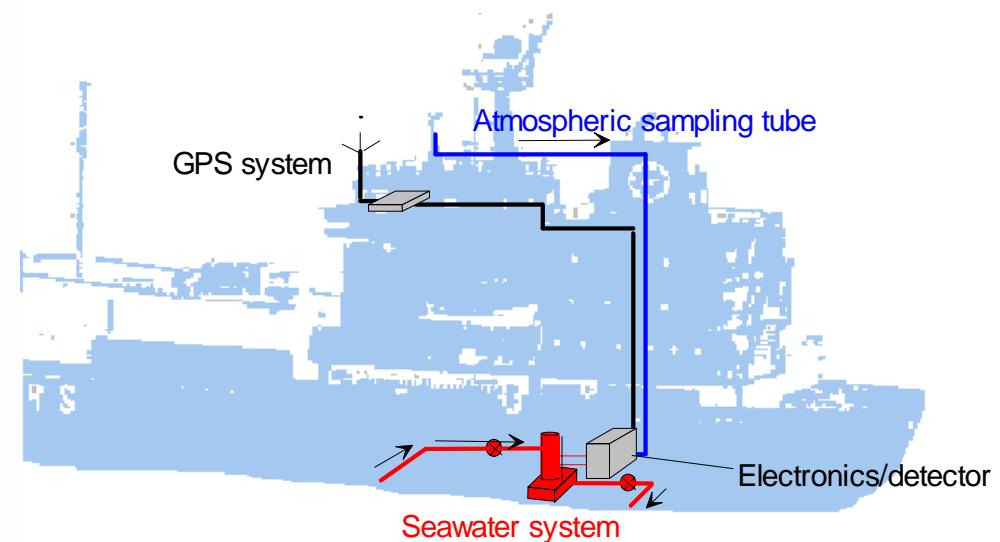
Land sink (residual)
 3.2 Pg C yr^{-1}
(31%)



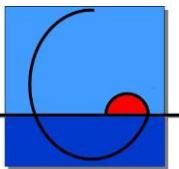
The North Atlantic carbon sink



1994/95 & 2002/05

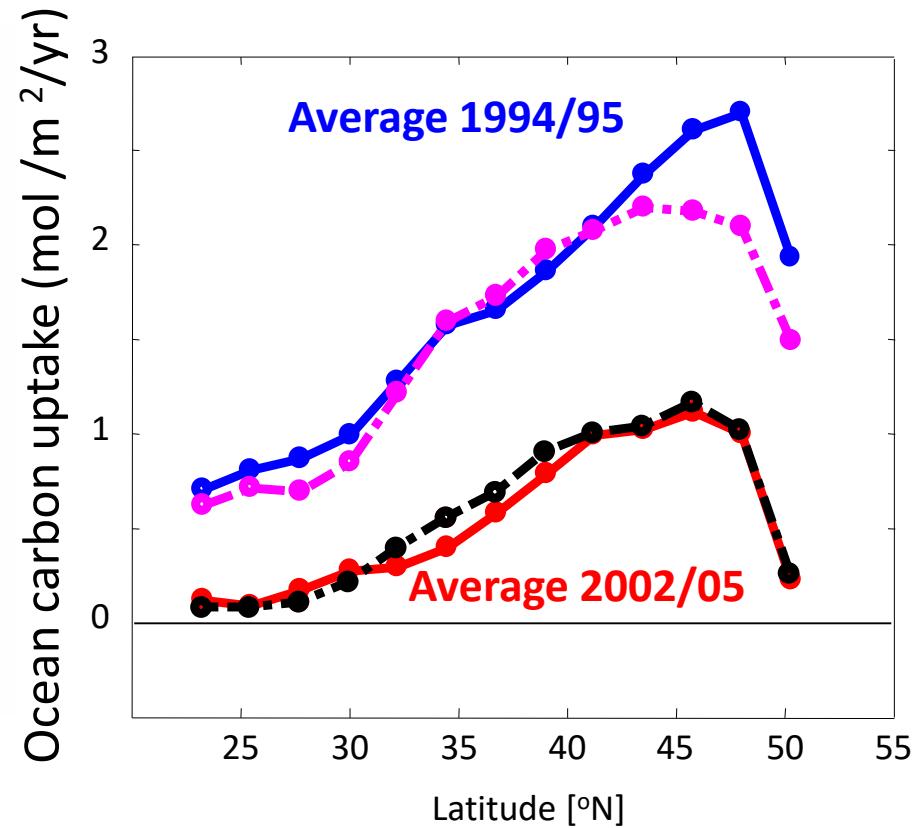
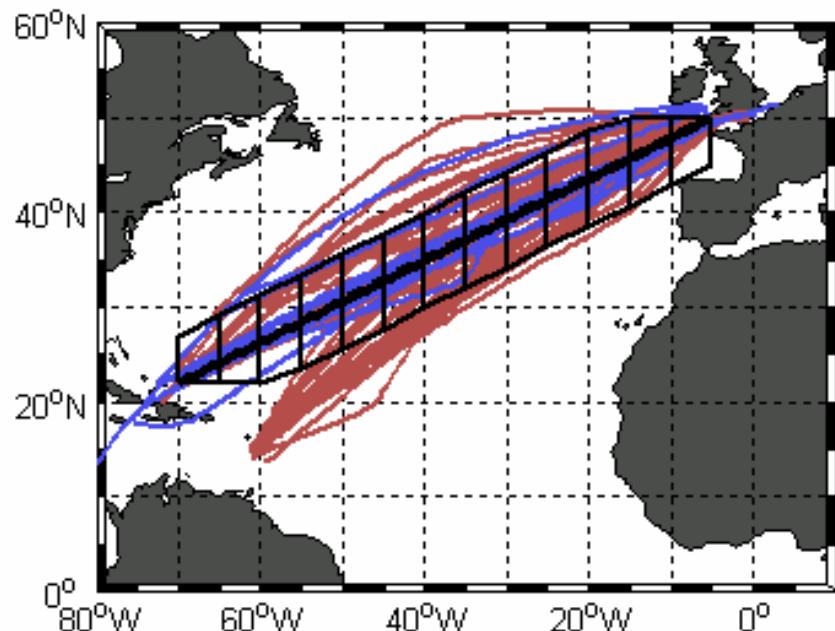


$$\text{fCO}_2 \text{ (fugacity)} = \gamma p\text{CO}_2 \text{ (partial pressure)}, (\gamma \sim 0.996-0.997)$$
$$\text{Air-sea CO}_2 \text{ flux (C}_{\text{net}}\text{)} = k K'_0 (\text{fCO}_{2\text{water}} - \text{fCO}_{2\text{air}})$$



A decreasing North Atlantic carbon sink (C_{net}) from 1994/95 to 2002/05

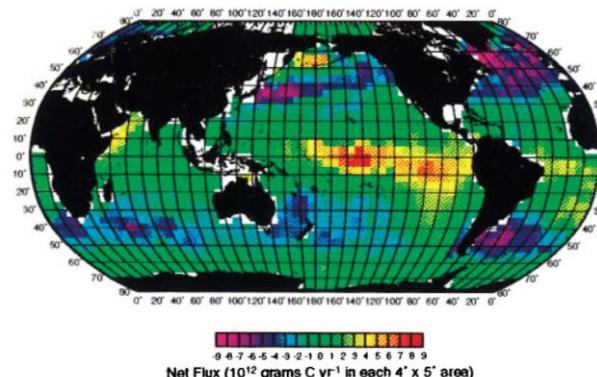
Decadal variation or long term trend?



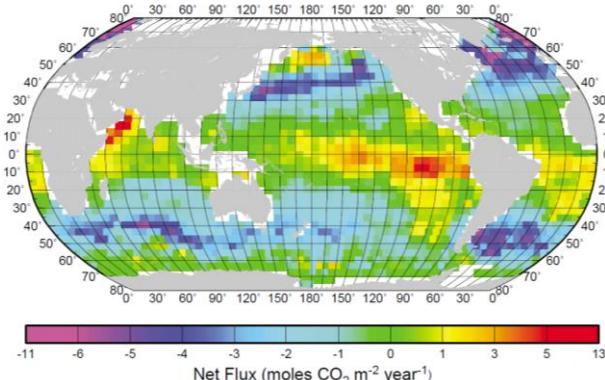
Ocean carbon sink from climatologies

$$\text{Air-sea CO}_2 \text{ flux } (C_{\text{net}}) = k K'_0 (fCO_2_{\text{water}} - fCO_2_{\text{air}})$$

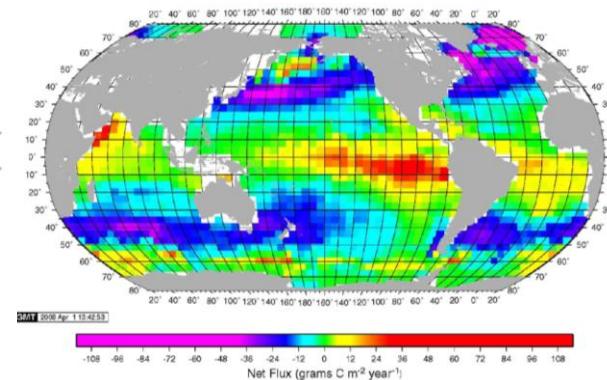
$$\text{Air-sea CO}_2 \text{ flux } (C_{\text{net}}) + \text{Riverine carbon outgassing} = \\ \text{Anthropogenic ocean carbon sink } (C_{\text{ant}})$$



For 1990
 $0.60-1.34 \text{ Pg C yr}^{-1} (C_{\text{net}})$
0.25 million pCO₂ values
(Takahashi et al., 1997)



For 1995
 $2.0 \pm 0.6 \text{ Pg C yr}^{-1} (C_{\text{net}})$
0.94 million pCO₂ values
(Takahashi et al., 2002)



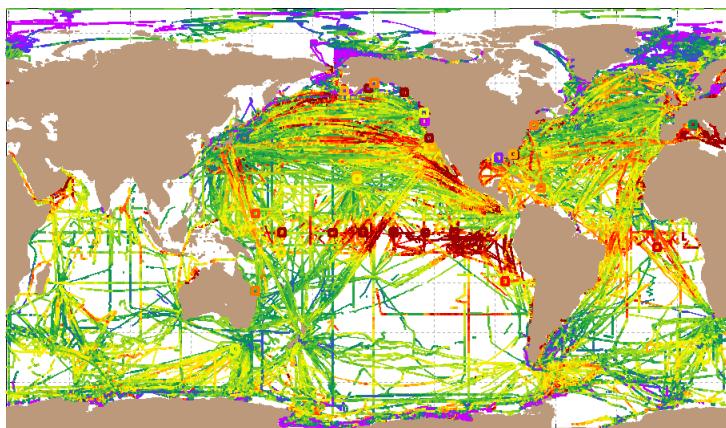
For 2000
 $1.6 \pm 0.9 \text{ Pg C yr}^{-1} (C_{\text{net}})$
 $2.0 \pm 1.0 \text{ Pg C yr}^{-1} (C_{\text{ant}})$
3 million pCO₂ values
(Takahashi et al., 2009)

Also for 2005, 6 million pCO₂ values
(Takahashi et al., 2014)

Surface Ocean CO₂ Variability and Vulnerabilities Workshop

UNESCO, Paris, 11-14 April 2007

“Strong scientific need for a gridded ocean CO₂ product in modelling community. **‘Surface Ocean CO₂ Atlas’?** eg. 1° x 1°, per year monthly means (+ standard deviation + number of data), global, no interpolation, annual update. Chris Sabine has offered to host this activity ...”



at 10!



United Nations
Educational, Scientific and
Cultural Organization



Intergovernmental
Oceanographic
Commission

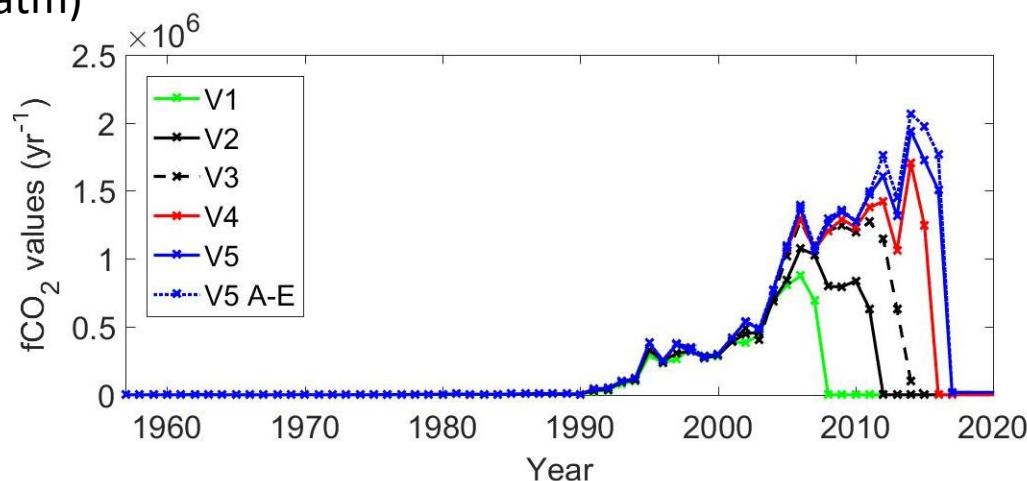
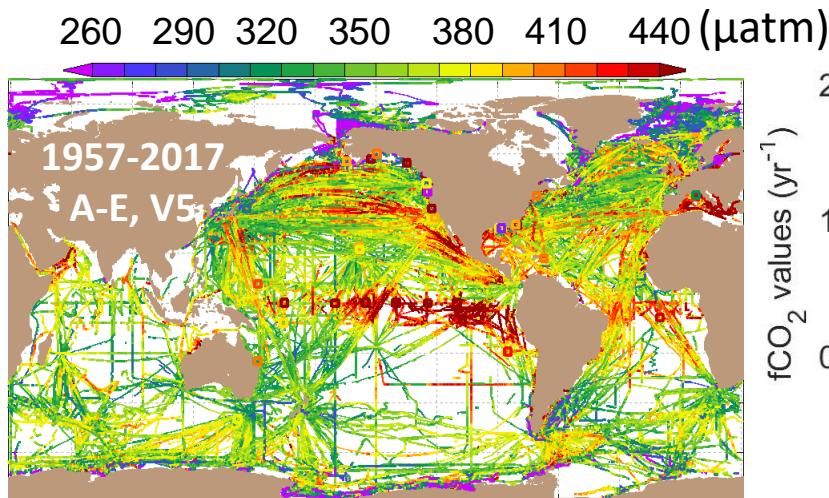


Integrated Marine Biogeochemistry and
Ecosystem Research



Surface Ocean CO₂ Atlas at 10!

www.socat.info



Global synthesis and gridded products of surface ocean fCO₂

(fugacity of CO₂) in uniform format with quality control;

No gap filling; Annual public releases;

V5: 21.5 million fCO₂ values from 1957-2017, accuracy < 5 μatm (flags A-D);

Plus calibrated sensor data (< 10 μatm, flag E);

Online viewers, downloadable (text, NetCDF), ODV;

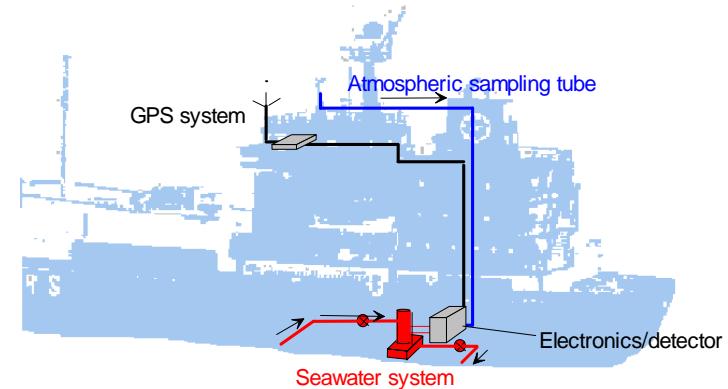
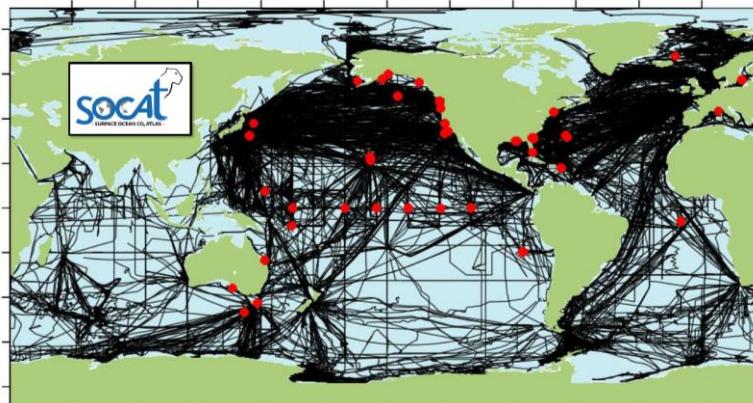
Documented in ESSD articles;

Fair Data Use Statement;

Community activity with >100 contributors worldwide.

(Pfeil et al., 2013; Sabine et al., 2013; Bakker et al., 2014, 2016, all in ESSD)

Surface ocean fCO₂ measurements

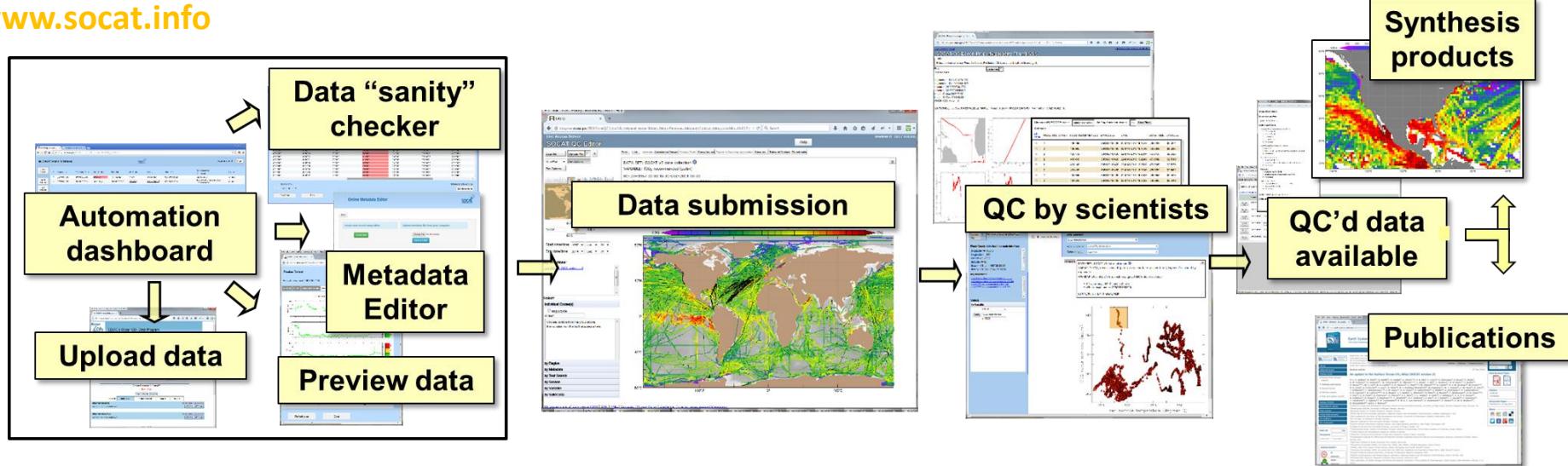


SOCAT has:

- **Surface ocean fCO₂ measurements** from moving and fixed platforms (i.e. no fCO₂ calculated from pH, TA, DIC, no profiling data);
- **Original fCO₂**, from the data originator (i.e. not from a data product);
- Checked sea surface temperature and salinity, but these checks do not meet physical oceanographic quality checks for temperature and salinity.

Submit your surface ocean fCO₂ measurements, if you would like them to be considered for SOCAT!

Annual public releases



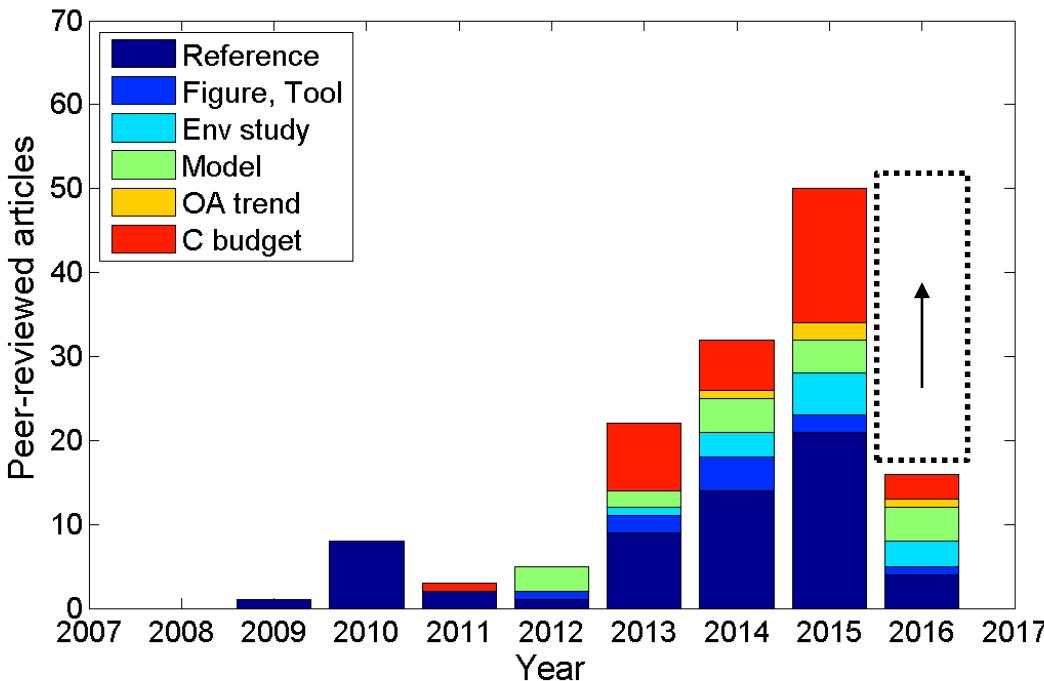
- Annual releases timed for the annual Global Carbon Budget.
- **User feedback** essential!
- Update of SOCAT website (www.socat.info, NEW)

SOCAT discussion today at 13:00-14:00 (IOCCP event) – All welcome!

- Other surface ocean parameters (DIC, TA, nutrients) – no quality control
- Surface ocean CH₄ and N₂O
- Atmospheric CO₂ – Value added?
- Should SOCAT accept calculated surface ocean fCO₂ from floats, gliders?

Applications

www.socat.info



SOCAT is named or cited in 194 peer-reviewed articles

- Ocean carbon sink,
- Ocean acidification studies,
- Model evaluation,
- Environmental studies,
- Figures or tools,
- Reference to SOCAT

(Bakker et al., 2016)



Voluntary Commitment to the 2017 UN Ocean Conference



HOME	ABOUT	PROGRAMME	CALL FOR ACTION	PREP PROCESS	SDG 14	VOLUNTARY COMMITMENTS	DOCUMENTATION	STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT	EVENTS	NEWS & MEDIA
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Annual, public releases of the Surface Ocean CO₂ Atlas (SOCAT)

#OceanAction20464

by SOCAT scientific community (Scientific community)

Surface ocean fCO₂ over time (V5)

260

280

300

320

340

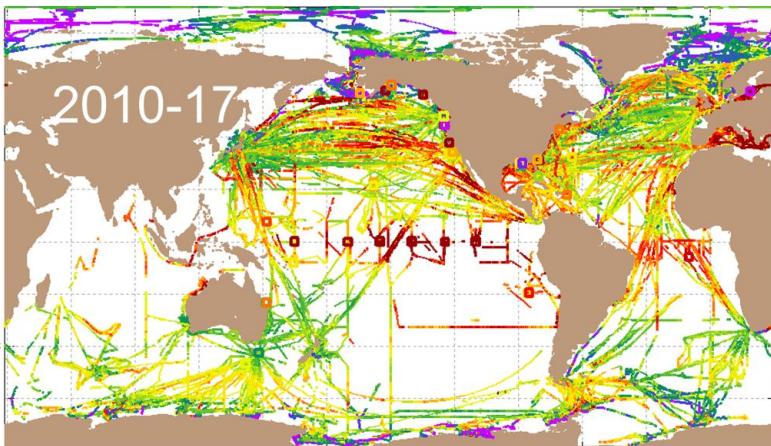
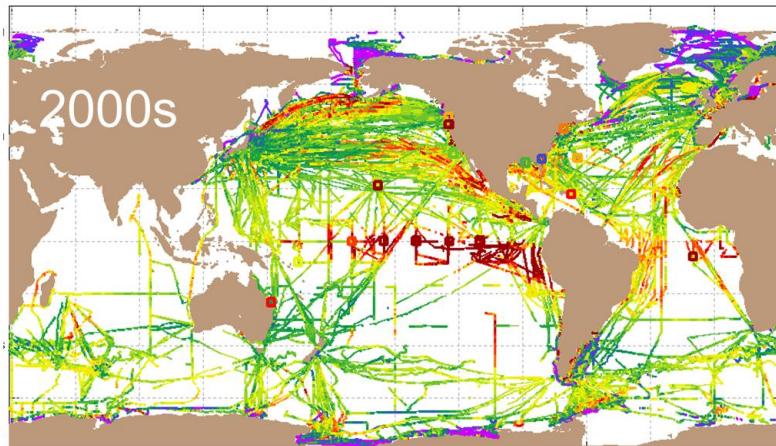
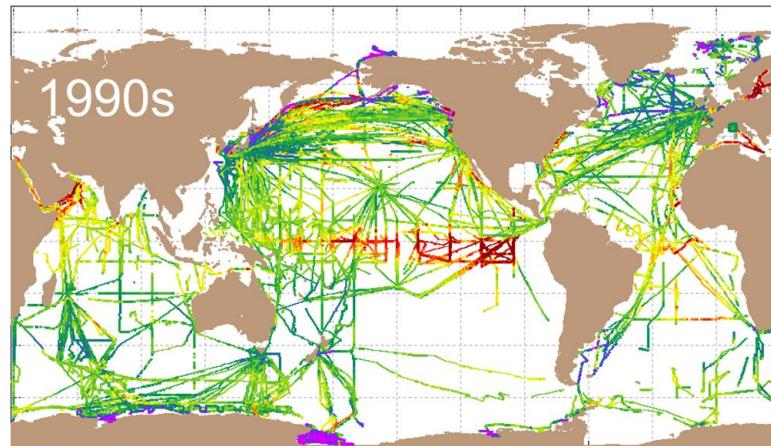
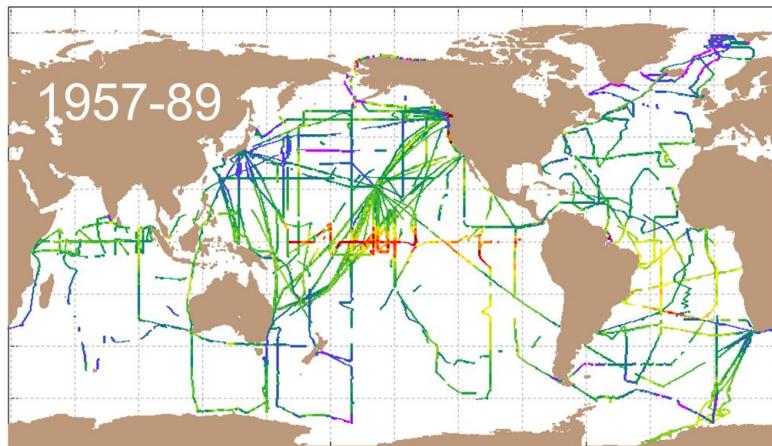
360

380

400

420

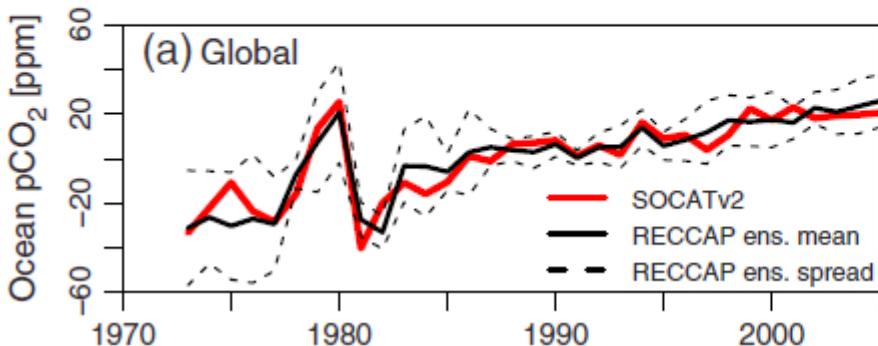
440



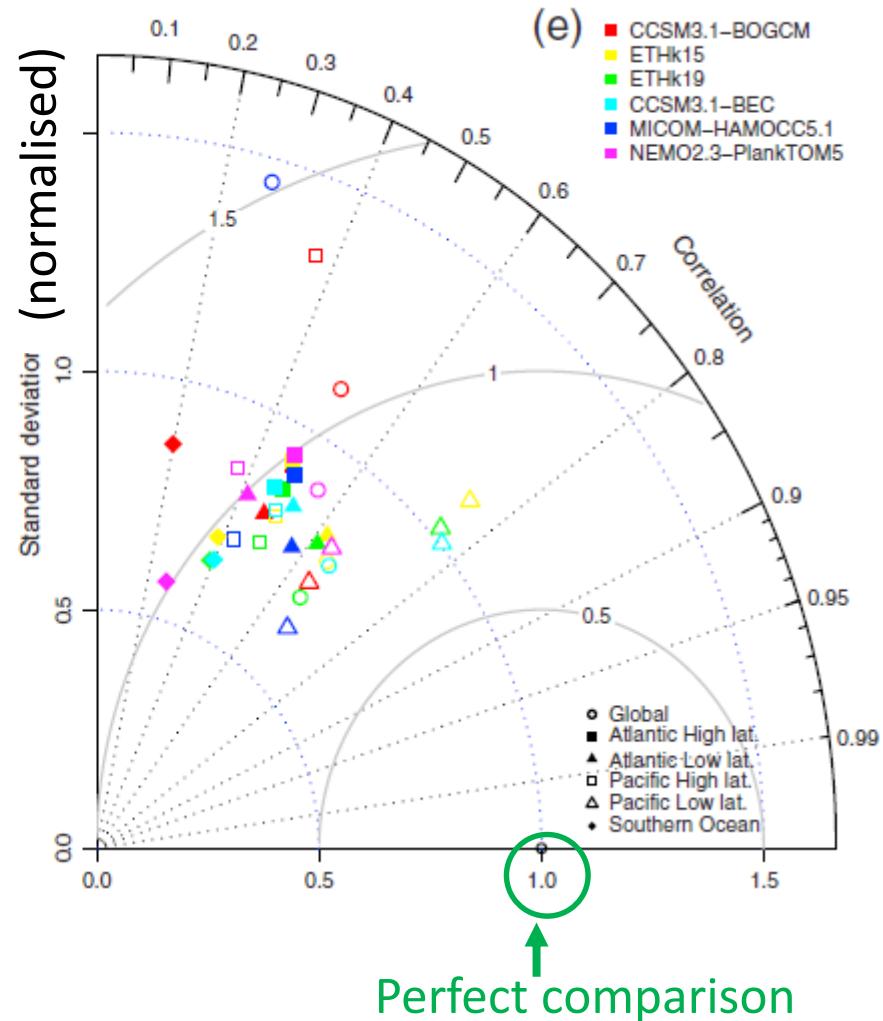
- Equilibrium with atmospheric fCO₂ takes up to 1 year,
- Large open ocean and coastal regions not sampled.

(after Bakker et al., 2016 ESSD)

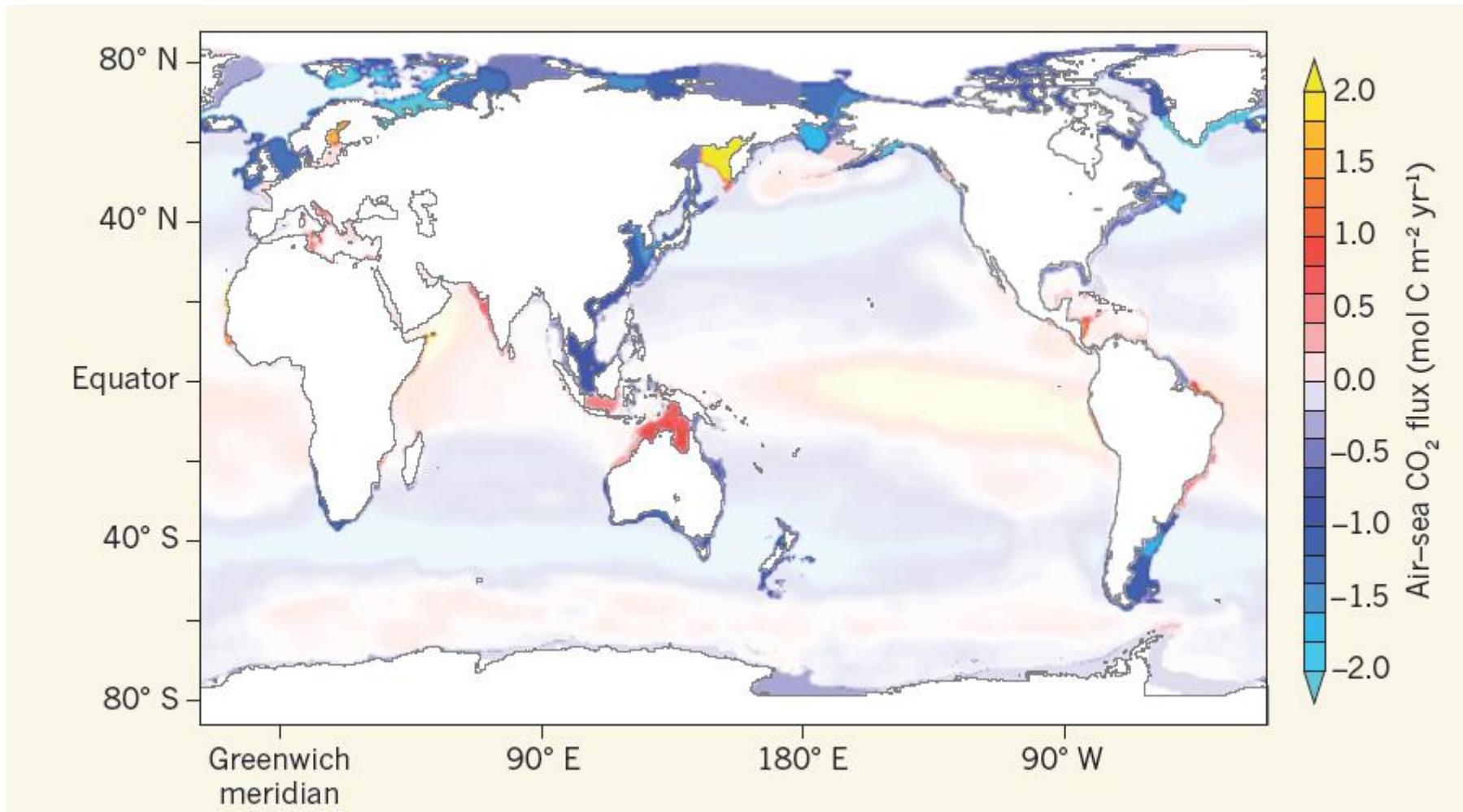
Model evaluation



- Subsampling of 6 ocean-only CMIP5 models to SOCAT v2 fCO_2 values;
- Comparison of annual mean anomalies;
- **Models underestimate the variation in surface ocean pCO_2 .**
- SOCAT in Obs4MIP and ESMVal for IPCC.



Coastal ocean carbon sink

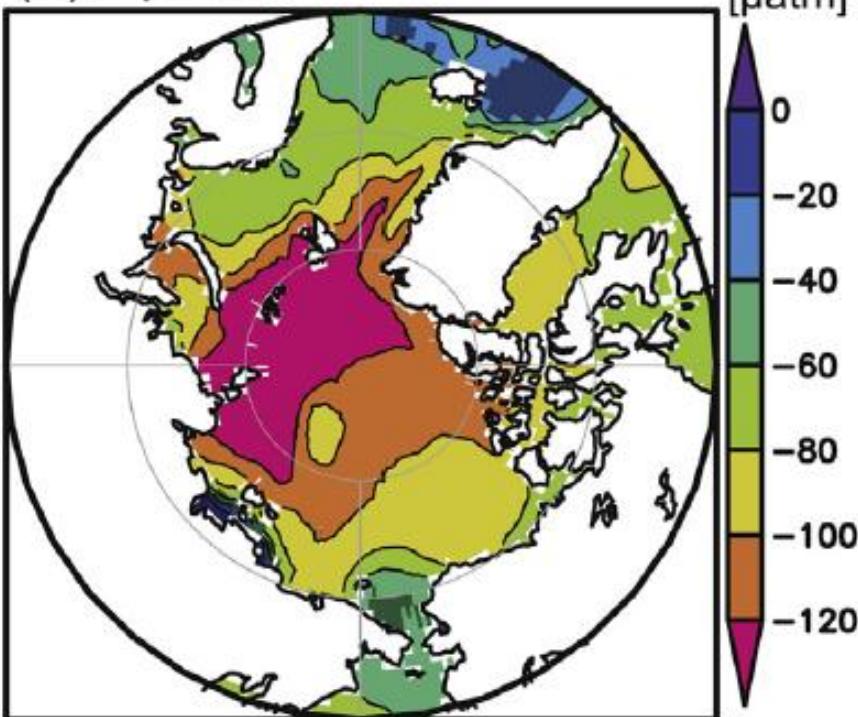


Coastal ocean carbon sink (C_{net}) of 0.2 to 0.4 Pg C yr^{-1}

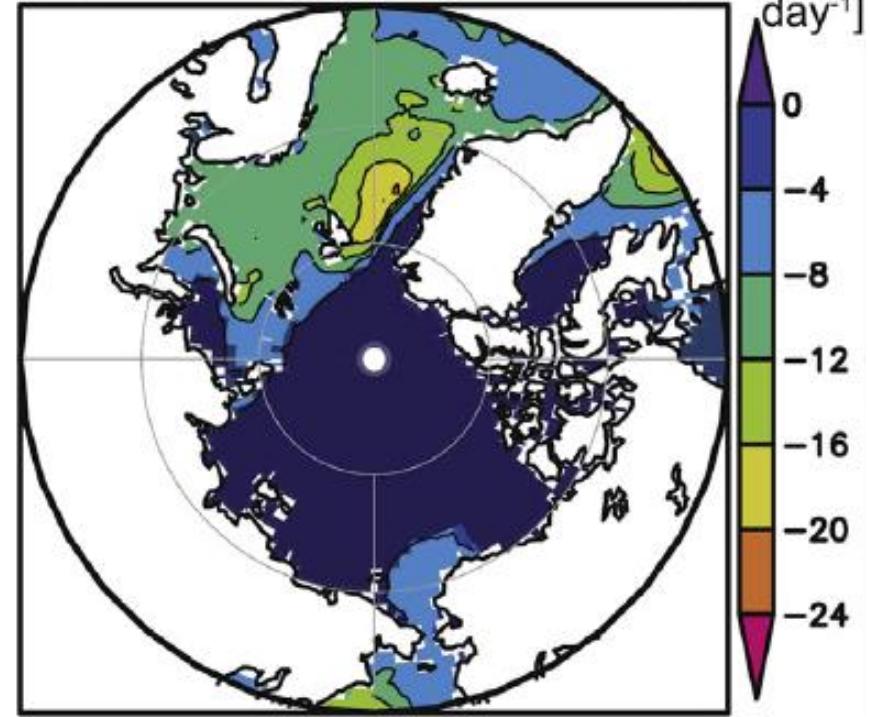
(Chen et al., 2013; Laruelle et al., 2014; Gruber, 2015)

Arctic ocean carbon sink

(d) $\Delta p\text{CO}_2$



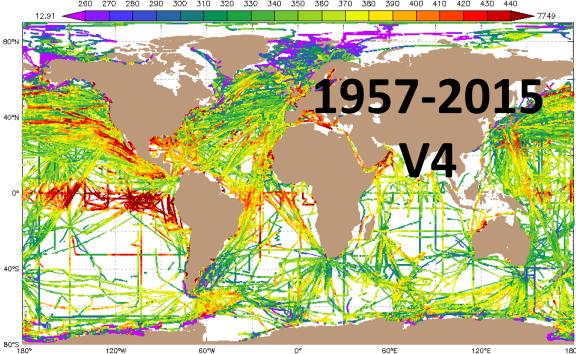
(a) CO₂ flux



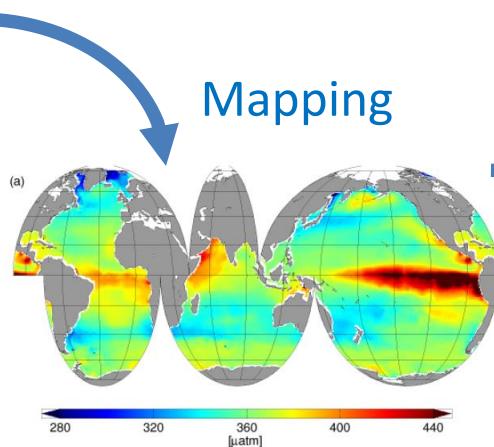
Arctic Ocean carbon sink (C_{net}) of $0.18 \text{ Pg C yr}^{-1}$

(Yasunaka et al., 2016 Polar Biology)

Ocean carbon sink from surface ocean pCO₂

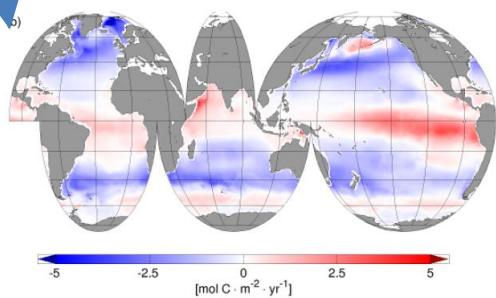


A synthesis product
(here SOCAT v4)



Surface water pCO₂
(here 1998-2011)

Flux = $k K_0 \Delta pCO_2(w-a)$
gas transfer parameterisation,
wind speed product



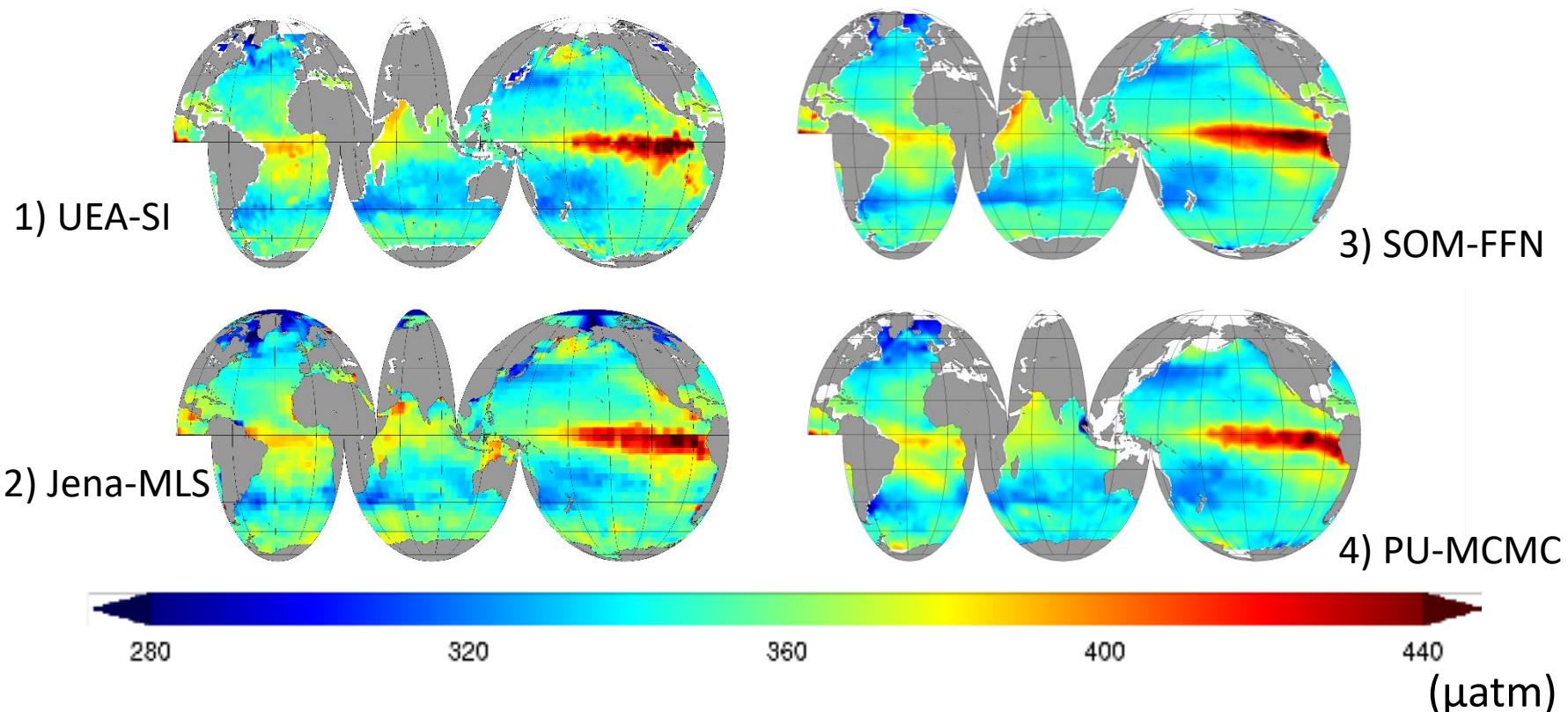
Air-sea CO₂ flux (C_{net})
(here 1998-2011)

Riverine carbon outgassing
 $0.45 \pm 0.18 \text{ Pg C yr}^{-1}$



Anthropogenic ocean
carbon sink (C_{ant})

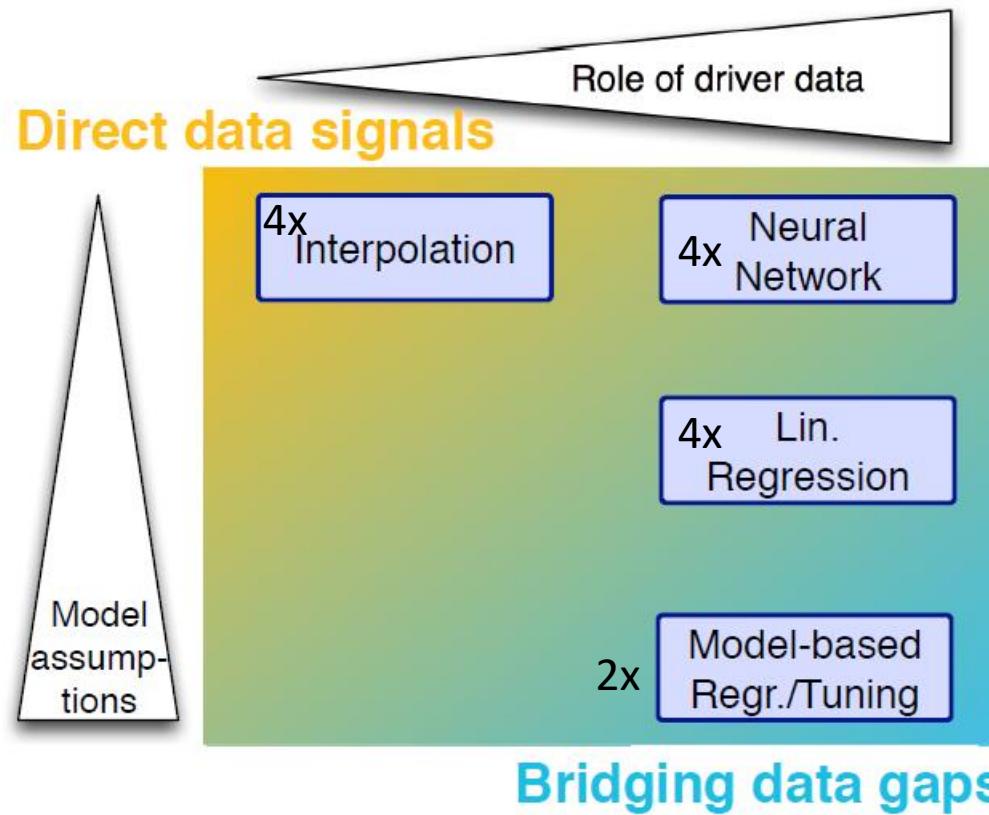
Mean surface ocean pCO₂ (2000-2009)



Uncertainties:

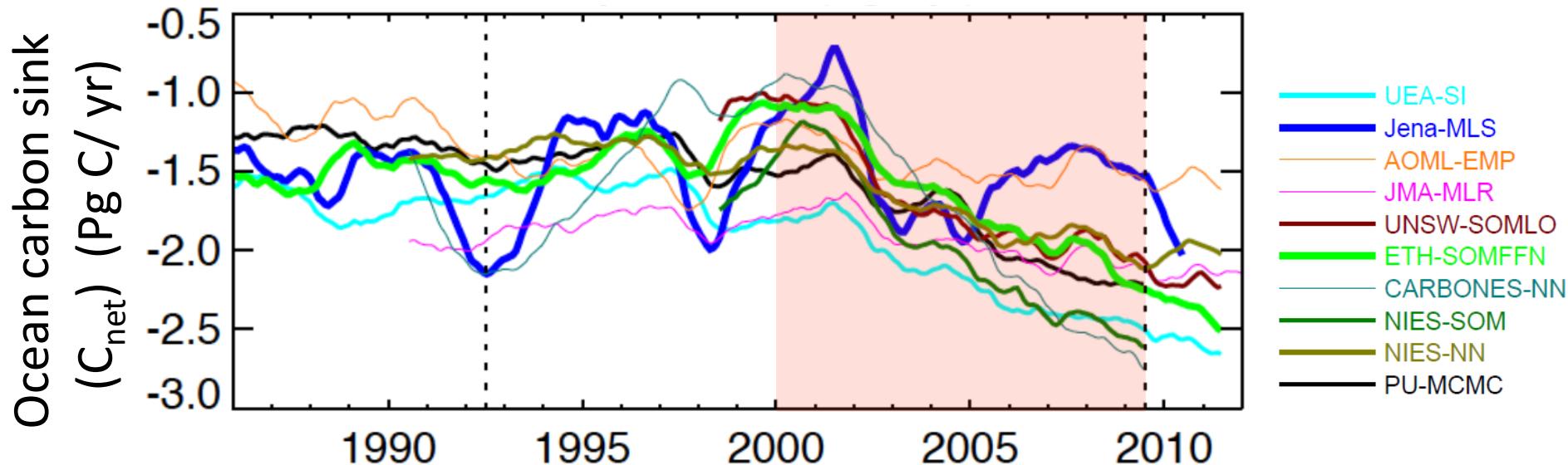
- Differences between methods,
- Methods often exclude the **Arctic Ocean** and **coastal seas** or treat coastal seas as open ocean.

Surface Ocean pCO₂ Mapping intercomparison



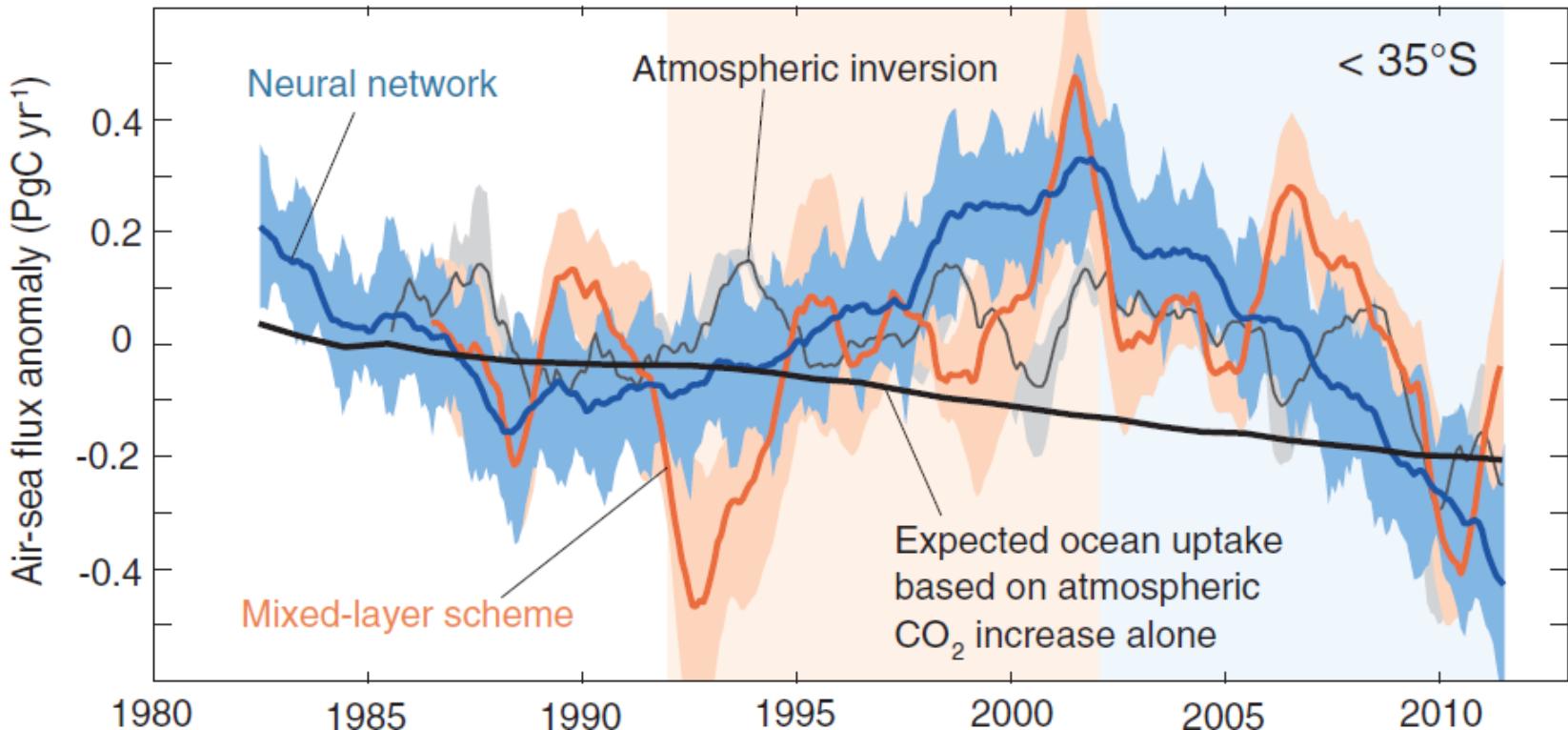
- 14 data-based mapping methods, incl. 10 using 
- Methods differ in forcing and driver data sets.
- SOCOM welcomes new methods.
- <http://www.bgc-jena.mpg.de/SOCOM/>

Global air-sea CO_2 fluxes (C_{net}) in 10 mapping methods



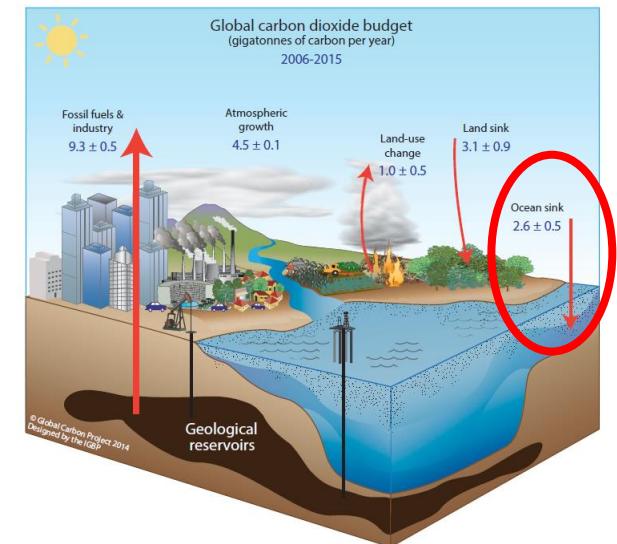
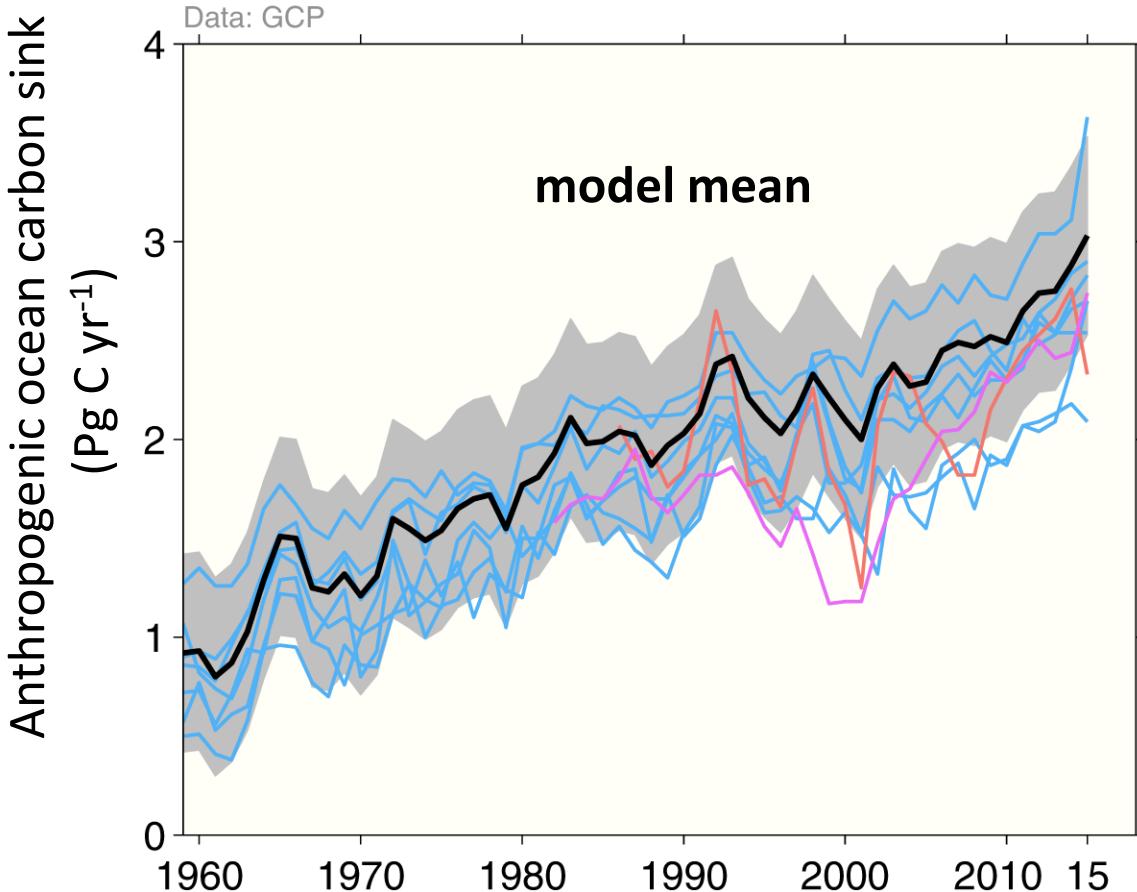
- Year-to-year and decadal variation in ocean carbon sink;
- Models underestimate this variation;
- Low decadal change before 2000, increasing sink after 2000;
- Ocean carbon sink estimates provide **priors for atmospheric inversion, thus aiding quantification of the land carbon sink.**

Reinvigoration of the Southern Ocean carbon sink



2 methods using SOCATv2 (NN, ML);
 $\Delta p\text{CO}_2$ trends dominate the sink variability;
 $\Delta p\text{CO}_2$ trends promote a sink increase of >0.5 PgC yr⁻¹.

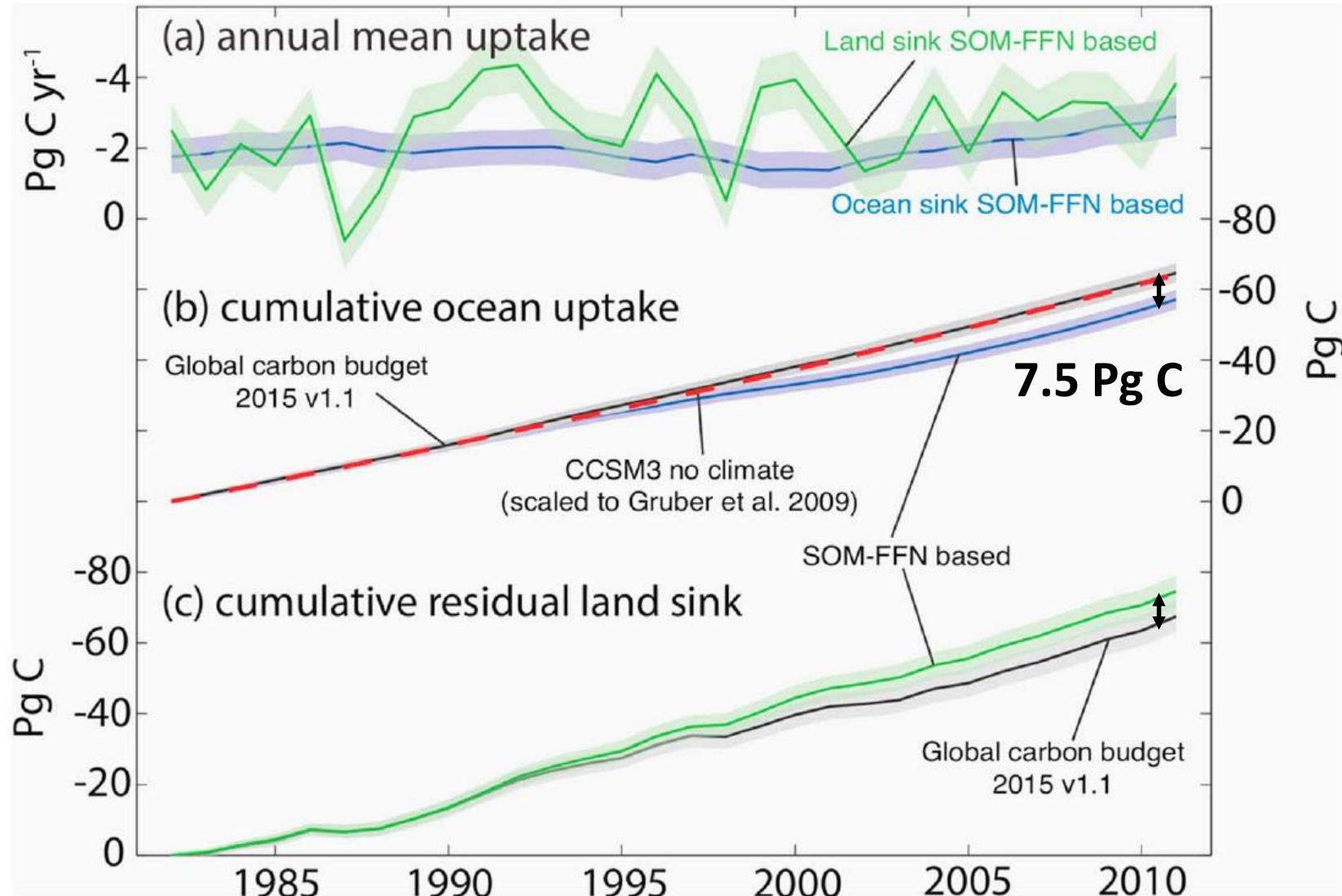
Global ocean carbon sink (C_{ant}) in the 2016 Global Carbon Budget



- 7 models anchored on an ocean carbon sink of $2.2 \pm 0.4 \text{ PgC/yr}$ (1990-1999);
- 2 data-based mapping methods (ML, NN) using SOCAT.

(Landschützer et al., 2016; Rödenbeck et al., 2015; Le Quéré et al., 2016)

Ocean carbon sink (C_{ant}) informs on the land carbon sink



(Landschützer et al., 2016; Le Quéré et al., 2016)

For:

- Quantification of the ocean carbon sink, (variation, trends, processes),
- Quantification of the land carbon sink,
- Evaluation of ocean carbon models (Obs4MIP & ESMVal for IPCC),



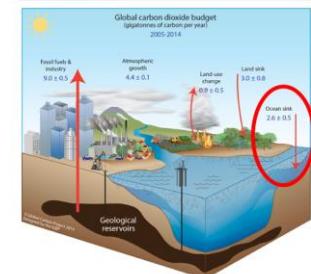
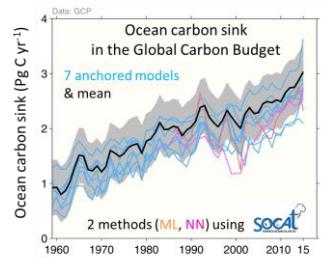
Findings:

- Year-to-year and decadal variation in the ocean carbon sink,
- Models underestimate this variation,



Challenges:

- Short data records,
- Data sparse regions,
- Mapping uncertainty,
- Riverine carbon outgassing ($0.45 \pm 0.18 \text{ Pg C yr}^{-1}$),
- Coastal ocean carbon sink ($0.2 - 0.4 \text{ Pg C yr}^{-1}$),
- Arctic Ocean carbon sink ($0.18 \text{ Pg C yr}^{-1}$),
- Role of sea ice ($0.03 \text{ Pg C yr}^{-1}$),
- Gas transfer parameterisation, wind speed product (~6% flux, Schuster et al., poster 102)



SOCAT at 10!

Version 5

SOCAT has >> 100 contributors and numerous funding agencies. Contribute to and/or use these products. Acknowledge the **contribution of the data providers**, e.g. by invitation to co-authorship, notably in **regional studies**, and by citation of relevant scientific publications.

User feedback essential.

Sustained funding for data collection and synthesis is key.

SOCAT discussion today at 13:00-14:00 – **All welcome.**

d.bakker@uea.ac.uk



SOCAT at 10!

Version 5

